# **Annual Financial Statements**

**And Supporting Schedules** 

For The

Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission

As at December 31, 2021

#### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The financial statements of Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS). When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems most appropriate in the circumstances. These statements include certain amounts based on management's estimates and judgments. Management has determined such amounts based on a reasonable basis in order to ensure that the financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The integrity and reliability of Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission's reporting systems are achieved through the use of formal policies and procedures, the careful selection of employees and an appropriate division of responsibilities. These systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is reliable and accurate.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibility for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements. The Board of Directors is composed of elected officials, who are not employees of the Commission, and meets periodically with management to review significant accounting, reporting and internal control matters. The Board of Directors is also responsible for the approval of the engagement or reappointment of the external auditors.

The financial statements have been audited on behalf of the members by HRO Chartered Professional Accountants, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

June 17, 2022

Date

Administrator



ADDRESS: 1321 101ST STREET NORTH BATTLEFORD, SK S9A 0Z9 PHONE: 306-445-6291 FAX: 306-445-3882 EMAIL: info@hrocpa.ca

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission (the Commission), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.

(continues)



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission (continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Commission to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

HRO

North Battleford, Saskatchewan June 17, 2022

Chartered Professional Accountants

### Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Statement of Financial Position As at December 31, 2021

Statement 1

		2021	2020
FINANCIAL ASSETS	······································		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cash and Temporary Investments (Note 2)	\$	319,810	\$ 254,108
Other Accounts Receivable (Note 3)		14,518	14,476
Land for Resale			
Long-term Investments			
Debt Charges Recoverable			
Other (Specify)			
Total Financial Assets		334,328	268,584
LIABILITIES			
Bank Indebtedness			
Accounts Payable		11,275	12,016
Accrued Liabilities Payable			
Deposits			
Deferred Revenue		1,586	312
Liability for Contaminated Sites			
Other Liabilities			
Long Term Debt	1		
Lease Obligations			
Total Liabilities		12,861	12,328
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)		321,467	256,256
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 1)		39,221	43,840
Other			
Total Non-Financial Assets		39,221	43,840
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit) (Schedule 2)	\$	360,688	\$ 300,096

### Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Statement of Operations As at December 31, 2021

Statement 2

	2021	Budget	2021	2020
Revenues				
Fees and Charges	\$	197,660 \$	205,016	\$ 199,084
Conditional Grants				
Municipal contributions				
Tangible Capital Asset Sales - Gain				
Investment Income and Commissions		4,010	684	2,390
Other Revenues				
Total Revenues		201,670	205,700	201,474
Expenses				
Board remuneration and travel		600	1,050	45
Wages and benefits		35,960	27,533	33,476
Professional/Contractual services		26,000	26,000	26,000
Utilities		12,330	9,850	9,916
Maintenance, materials and supplies		81,010	76,057	77,794
Amortization		2,320	4,618	2,315
Interest				
Total Expenses		158,220	145,108	149,546
Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses before Other Capital Contributions		43,450	60,592	51,928
Provincial/Federal Capital Grants and Contributions				
Surplus (Deficit) of Revenues over Expenses	\$	43,450	60,592	51,928
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit), Beginning of Year			300,096	248,168
Accumulated Surplus (Deficit), End of Year		\$	360,688	\$ 300,096

## Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets As at December 31, 2021

Statement 3

	202	21 Budget		2021	2020
Surplus (Deficit)	_\$	43,450	\$	60,592	\$ 51,928
(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets			Г		(46,137
Amortization of tangible capital assets				4,619	2,315
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets					
Loss (gain) on the disposal of tangible capital assets					
Surplus (Deficit) of capital revenue over expenditures	N. E			4,619	(43,822
(Acquisition) of supplies inventories				1	
(Acquisition) of prepaid expense					
Consumption of supplies inventories					
Use of prepaid expense					
Surplus (Deficit) of expenses of other non-financial over expenditures				語響看	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Financial Assets	\$	43,450		65,211	8,106
Net Financial Assets - Beginning of Year			,	256,256	248,150
Net Financial Assets (Debt) - End of Year			\$	321,467	\$ 256,256

The accompanying notes and schedules are an integral part of these statements.

Statement 4

Cash m	rovided by (used for) the following activities		2021	2020
Operati	•			
_	mg: (Deficit)		60 <b>7</b> 00 m	<b>~1</b> 000
Surpius	Amortization	\$	60,592 \$	51,928
	Amortization	4	4,619 65,211	2,315 54,243
Сћапое	in assets/liabilities		00,211	51,213
Change	Taxes Receivable - Municipal			
	Other Receivables	122	(42)	/4.011
	Land for Resale		(42)	(4,811)
	Other Financial Assets	ľ		
	Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable	ľ	(741)	2,894
	Deposits		(/41)	2,094
	Deferred Revenue		1,274	(104)
	Accrued Landfill costs		1,2/4	(104)
	Liability for Contaminated Sites	1		
	Other Liabilities			
	Stock and Supplies for Use		1	
	Prepayments and Deferred Charges		1	
	Other (Specify)			
Cook ne	ovided by (applied to) operating transactions	Control of the fact	65,702	52,222
Capital:				
	Acquisition of Tangible Capital Assets			(46,137)
	Proceeds From the Disposal of Tangible Capital Assets			, , ,
	Other Capital			
Cash pro	ovided by (applied to) applied to capital transactions			(46,137)
Investing	z:			
•	Long-term Investments			× 1
	Other Investments			
Cash pro	ovided by (applied to) investing transactions			
Financin	g:			
	Debt Charges Recovered			
	Long-term Debt Issued			
	Long-term Debt Repaid			
	Other Financing			
Cash pro	wided by (applied to) financing transactions			
Change i	n Cash and Temporary Investments during the year		65,702	6,085
Cash and	l Temporary Investments - Beginning of Year		254,108	248,023
Cash and	Temporary Investments - End of Year	\$	319,810 \$	254,108

Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Notes to the Financial Statements As at December 31, 2021

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) as recommended by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada (CPA Canada). Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Commission are as follows:

- a) Basis of Accounting: The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting requires revenues to be recognized as they become available and measurable and expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.
- b) Reporting Entity: The financial statements consolidates the assets, liabilities and flow of resources of the municipality. The entity is comprised of all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.
- c) Government Transfers: Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

  Government transfers are recognized as revenue in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing:
  - a) the transfers are authorized;
  - b) any eligibility criteria have been met; and
  - c) reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Unearned government transfer amounts received but not earned will be recorded as deferred revenue. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an account receivable.

- d) **Deferred Revenue:** Fees and charges certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.
- e) Net Financial Assets: Net financial assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.
- f) Non-financial Assets: Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.
- g) Measurement Uncertainty: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Taxes receivable and accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.
- h) Revenue recognition: Revenue is recognized in the period that it is considered to have been earned, ultimate collection is reasonably assured and in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

### Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Notes to the Financial Statements As at December 31, 2021

#### 1. Significant Accounting Policies - continued

Tangible Capital Assets: All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant deflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of contribution. The cost of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. The Commission's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

Asset

Useful Life

General Assets

Computer equipment

3 years

Operating equipment

10 years

- j) Budget Information: Budget figures are reported for information purposes only and are not included in the scope of the external audit. The budget was approved by the Board on *June 18, 2021*.
- k) New Standards and Amendments to Standards: Effective for Fiscal Years Beginning On or After April 1, 2022:

PS 1201 Financial Statement Presentation, replaces PS 1200 with revised general reporting principles and standards of presentation and disclosure in government financial statements. Requires a new statement of re-measurement gains and losses separate from the statement of operations arising from the re-measurement of financial instruments and items denominated in foreign currencies, as well as the government's proportionate share of other comprehensive income that arises when a government includes the results of government business enterprises and partnerships. Effective in the period PS 3450 and PS 2601 are adopted.

PS 2601 Foreign Currency Translation, replaces PS 2600 with revised guidance on the recognition, presentation and disclosure of transactions that are denominated in a foreign currency. Requires that monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and non-monetary items included in the fair value category, denominated in a foreign currency, be adjusted to reflect the exchange rates in effect at the financial statement date. Unrealized gains and losses are to be presented in the statement of re-measurement gains and losses.

PS 3041 Portfolio Investments, replaces PS 3040 with revised guidance on accounting for, and presentation and disclosure of portfolio investments. Removes the distinction between temporary and portfolio investments. Upon adoption of PS 3450 and PS 3041, PS 3030, Temporary Investments, will no longer apply. Effective in the period PS 3450, PS 2601 and PS 1201 are adopted.

PS 3450 Financial Instruments, a new standard establishing guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of financial instruments, including derivatives. The standard requires fair value measurement of derivatives and equity instrument that are quoted in an active market; all other financial instruments can be measured at cost/amortized cost or fair value at the election of the government. Unrealized gains and losses are presented in a new statement of re-measurement gains and losses. There is the requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the de-recognition of financial liabilities.

PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations, a new standard establishing guidance on the accounting and reporting of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets controlled by a government or government organization. A liability for a retirement obligation can apply to tangible capital assets either in productive use or no longer in productive use. As this standard includes solid waste landfill sites active and post-closing obligations, upon adoption of this new standard, existing Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability section PS 3270 will be withdrawn.

#### Effective for Fiscal Years Beginning On or After April 1, 2023:

PS 3400, Revenue, a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer.

The extent of the impact on adoption of these future standards is not known at this time.

### Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Notes to the Financial Statements As at December 31, 2021

	2021	2020
2. Cash and Temporary Investments		***************************************
Cash	\$ 195,030	\$ 129,852
Temporary Investments	124,780	124,256
Restricted Cash		
Total Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 319,810	\$ 254,108

Cash and temporary investments include balances with banks, Credit Unions, term deposits, marketable securities and short term investments with maturities of 12 months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash. Term deposits are earning interest of 0.2% to 0.45%.

#### 3. Other Accounts Receivable

COURTS INCCOVABLE			
Federal government	\$ 4,431	\$	6,665
Provincial government			
Local government	10,087	1	7,811
Utility			
Trade			
Other (Specify)			
Total Other Accounts Receivable	14,518		14,476
Less Allowance for Uncollectibles			
Net Other Accounts Receivable	\$ 14,518	\$	14,476

Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Sehedule of Tangible Capital Assets by Object As at December 31, 2021

Schedule 1

			General Assets			Infrastructure Assets	General/ Infrastructure		
	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Operating Foundment	Computer	Tingar accate	Assets Under		į
Asset Cost			0		wanduka	TAILCAI 433CLS	TOTAL TERIOR	Lotal	Total
Opening Asset costs				\$ 46,137	\$ 1,104			\$ 47,241	\$ 1,104
Additions during the year									46,137
Disposals and write-downs during the year								4.1	
Transfers (from) assets under construction									
Closing Asset Costs				46,137	1,104	SPECIFICATION OF THE PARTY OF T		47,241	47,241
Accumulated Amortization Cost									
Opening Accumulated Amortization Costs				2,307	1,094			3,401	1,086
Add: Amortization taken				4,614	٧٧			4,619	2,315
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals									
Closing Accumulated Amortization Costs	TOTAL STATE	STREETANGEGREE	90,000 SWS0,000	6,921	1,099			8.020	3.401

### Lac Des Iles Public Utility Commission Schedule of Accumulated Surplus As at December 31, 2021

Schedule 2

		2020	Changes	2021
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$	256,256	\$ 65,211	\$ 321,467
APPROPRIATED RESERVES				
Machinery and Equipment				
Public Reserve				
Capital Trust				
Utility				
Other (Specify)				
Total Appropriated				
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS  Tangible capital assets (Schedule 1)		43,840	(4,619)	39,221
Less: Related debt				
Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets		43,840	(4,619)	39,221
Total Accomplated Surveyles	•	200.006	0 500	260.600
Total Accumulated Surplus	\$	300,096	\$ 60,592	\$ 360,688